Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXI. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1822. Number 3122.

Newport Mercury,
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
WM. & J. H. BARBER,
No. 133, THAMES-STREET.
AT TWO DOLLARS per Annum, One Dollar in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and seventeen cents for each subsequent insertion.
All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

NAVIGATORS,

Wm & J. H. BARBER,
Have just received, a few more Copies of

DABOLL's PRACTICAL NAVIGATOR:—Being a concise, easy and comprehensive System of Navigation; calculated for the daily use of Seamen, and also for an Assistant to the Teacher.—By NATHAN DABOLL.—Price $2.

ALSO,
Writing and Letter Paper, of various qualities, by the Ream or quire; Drawing Paper, various sizes; Middleton's fine Lead Pencils; Walkden's Ink-powder; Inkstands: Quills; Sealing Wax; Wafers, &c. &c.

Almanacks,
For 1822,
For Sale as above.

BIBLES.
An assortment of Carey's Quarto BIBLES, with Plates, Maps, &c from $3 to $10 each, for Sale as above.
Newport, Dec. 8.

BLANKS.
For Sale at this Office,
DEEDS—Warrantee and Quit-claim
WRITS—Indorsee vs. drawer of a note
County Court Writs
do. do. Executions
Justices, Note and Book
Justices Executions
Subpoenas
Warrants, for collecting Militia Fines
Indentures for Apprentices
Probate—Administrators' Bonds
Executors Do.
Guardians' Do.
Letters of Administration
Do. of Appraisement
Commercial—Bills of Lading
Bills of Exchange
Portage Bills
Powers of Attorney
Enrolment Bills of Sale
Register Bills of Sale
Foreign Manifests
Coasters' Manifests
May 10.

NOTICE.
MARINE INSURANCE OFFICE, *Newport, Jan. 20, 1822.*
AT a Meeting of the Directors this day, it was Voted, That the payment of the Instalment Notes falling due the 1st of Feb. next, be further suspended until the 1st of Nov. next.
B. PEIRCE, *Sec'ry.*

NOTICE.
THE Subscribers, Administrators of I. ROUSMANIERE, deceased, hereby notify the Creditors of said Estate, that the Court of Probate have ordered distribution of Eleven Cents on the dollar of their respective claims, which will be paid on application to WILLIAM ENNIS.
RICHARD K RANDOLPH,
WILLIAM ENNIS.
Newport, Jan. 23, 1822.

DRY GOODS
CHEAP 111 STORE
THAMES-STREET.

S. H. CAHOONE,
At his Old Stand, opposite the MERCHANTS BANK.
Has just received,
AN extensive Assortment of Black and Blue BROADCLOTHS and CASSIMERES, as cheap as can be *bought at Auction*.—Also, an extensive Assortment of Seasonable GOODS, among which are:—Worsted Bombazeens for 2s6; Bombazetts for 25 cents; Ladies Worsted Hose from 3s to 7s.—His Friends and the Public are invited to call and examine for themselves.
Newport, Feb. 2.

Superfine FLOUR.
25 Bbls. Superfine Philadelphia FLOUR, for Sale on board Packet Ann-Maira, at Dean's Wharf, by E C. GARDNER.
Newport, Feb. 2.

Wanted to Purchase,
SHARES in the R. I. UNION BANK. Apply to the Cashier.
Newport, Jan. 26.

WANTED,
A WOMAN to Cook, &c.—Enquire at this Office.
Newport, Feb. 2.

FRESH FRUIT, &c.
9 Jars fresh Malaga GRAPES
14 Boxes do. Bunch RAISINS
24 half and Qr. Boxes do Ditto
6 Boxes Bloom Ditto.—4 do. FIGS.
150 wt. fresh Almonds
Fresh Sultana and Cask Raisins;
Fresh Zante Currants
20 bushels Shagbark Nuts
10 do. Chesnuts
20 Barrels Spitzenborg Apples
10 do. Greening Do.
12 do. Albany Cider.—10 do. Flour.
1200 wt. Albany Butter
10 Bushels do. Peas.
The above, with a Variety of other Articles, are for Sale by
HENRY POTTER.
Newport, Jan. 5.

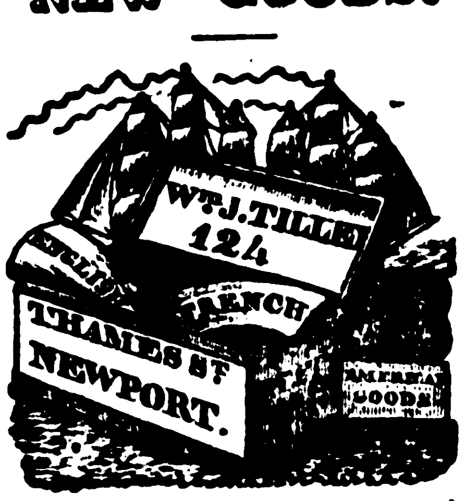
Narragansett Bank
THE Stockholders of the NARRAGANSETT BANK are hereby notified, That a Dividend will be declared and paid on MONDAY, the 21st instant, and on every succeeding day, during Bank hours, until compleated, to such persons as the Books of this Institution will shew to be Stockholders on the 18th instant.
By order of the President & Directors.
SAMUEL E. GARDINER, *Cashier.*
Wickford January 9, 1822.

FOR SALE,
THE FARM known by the name of *Leffingwell Farm*, lying one mile west from the wharf Bridge in Chelsea, on the road to New-London, containing about 140 Acres, with a House, Barn, and Buildings convenient for the same
ALSO,
The FARM, called the *Hazen Farm*, adjoining Shetucket River, about two miles east of the Court-House in Norwich, containing about Three Hundred and Fifty Acres, with a House, Barn, and other buildings appertaining to the same.
Possession of the above Property may be had the 1st April next, and payments made accommodating to the purchaser.—For terms, apply to
DANIEL LATHROP, or
GEORGE L PERKINS.
Norwich Jan. 5, 1822.

☞ SUCH as hold STOCK in the OCEAN INSURANCE COMPANY, may receive their Dividend, by calling at No. 4, Lyon's Wharf.
By order of the Directors,
H. RUGGLES, *Sec'ry.*

ANOTHER
CHEAP LOT!
ROBERT P. LEE,
114
THAMES-STREET.
Has just received from Auctions
ANOTHER Fresh Supply of Seasonable DRY GOODS, which are off at very reduced prices.
Newport, Dec. 8.

NEW GOODS.



& No. 1, Custom-House Court
Has just Opened,
A COMPLETE Assortment of BROADCLOTHS, from 5s3 to $8 per yard.—CASSIMERES from 4s6 to 18s. per yard.—Plains and Kerseys, of all prices.—3000 yards blue CALICOES, cheap and good; and 20,000 Quills, of the first quality.
WM. J. TILLEY will give 1-2 per cent more for Gold Coin, than any other person.
Newport, Dec. 29. tf.

TO BE LEASED,
For One or more Years,
And Possession given the 1st of April next,
ONE of the most pleasant and commodious DWELLING-HOUSES in Newport, with or without furniture, situated in Broad-Street, about 250 yards from the State-House.—The House is two-stories, and well finished, with four Rooms on a floor; a large and excellent Garden, full of Fruit Trees and Shrubs; together with or without, 28 Acres of Land adjoining, as good as any on the Island, well fenced, and watered through the driest Season;—A good Barn, Corn Crib, Carriage-house, and other suitable Buildings.—Any Persons wishing to retire to a genteel and healthy Mansion, will seldom have so good an opportunity to accommodate themselves, as is here presented.—For terms, apply to
JOHN P. MANN.
Newport, Oct. 27

TO LET,
THAT well-known Stand on Block-Island, called Sands's Landing, together with 27 Acres of the first quality Land; a Dwelling-House well calculated for a Boarding-House and Tavern; a Barn, Crib, and two small buildings; *Also*, A Store 40 by 20 feet, which is well calculated for a Grocery, three store lofts, and the Oil privilege, where from 30 to 50 bbls. is make per year.—For terms, &c. apply to Capt. *Jonathan Bowen*, in Newport, or to the Subscribers on the premises.
WM PITT & N. G. SANDS.
New-Shoreham, Dec. 30.

WASHINGTON, sc.—*Clerk's Office, Court of Common Pleas, Jan. 8 A. D. 1822*
THE Creditors of DAVID PALMER, of Hopkinton, in the County of Washington, labourer, an Insolvent Debtor, are hereby notified to appear, if they shall see fit, on the second day of the Term of the Court of Common Pleas, to be holden at South-Kingstown, in the county of Washington, on the first Monday of February 1822, to nominate Assignees or Commissioners to receive an Assignment of his estate, according to the Act of June, A. D. 1820, entitled, "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors."
SAMUEL HELME, *Clerk.*

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
H. SESSIONS,
HAS just received a large Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the season, which, in addition to his former stock, makes his assortment very extensive.—All of which he offers for Sale on the most reasonable terms.
Newport, Nov. 21.

FLOUR & CORN.
130 Barrels Superfine New [illegible] FLOUR
[illegible]00 Bushels Southern CORN,
200 do. Northern [illegible]
For Sale by
CHRIS. FOWLER.
Newport [illegible]

BEEF, &c.
S. & G BOWEN,
Have for Sale at [illegible] on Stevens' Wharf
140 Bbls. No. 1 & 2 Boston BEEF.—30 do. Mess [illegible]
Mess and Prime PORK
100 Boxes No. 1 & 2 Soap
Russia and Ravens Duck
Bar and Bolt Iron; Iron Hoops
Anchors, Nails, Naval Stores, [illegible]
Salt, Codfish, Grindstones, and a general Assortment of
Ship-Chandlery & Groceries.
Newport, Nov. 17.

FOR SALE, or TO LET
THE FARM of the Subscriber, on the Island of Jamestown—Enquire of Col. RANDOLPH, in Newport or to
D. LYMAN.
Nov. 1, 1821.

TO LET,
THE FARM on Sechawest Neck, on Rhode-Island and now occupied by *Oliver Wightman*.—For terms, apply to DANIEL LYMAN, North-Providence, or to RICHARD K. RANDOLPH
Newport, Dec. 8.

FOR SALE,
THAT pleasantly situated Dwelling-House, No 49, in Broad-Street, near the head of the Town.—Said House is in good order, nearly new, and has a large Garden attached to it.—For further particulars apply to
ABNER HATHAWAY.
Newport, Jan. 5, 1822.

REMOVAL.
ELIZA CHAMPLIN,
Informs her Friends and the Public
THAT she has taken the House and Shop No. 174 Thames-Street lately occupied by Capt *V. Wightman*, dec. where she intends carrying on the BONNET MAKING as usual.—She has on hand, STRAW BONNETS of a superior quality.
☞ She can accommodate two or three steady Boarders, on reasonable terms, that can be well recommended.
Newport, Dec. 22.

To be LET, or Leased,
From the 25th of 3d month next,
THE Lot of LAND adjoining the Warner estate, fronting on Thames Street, and extending from thence to the Cove, on which the Store now stands occupied by *Wm Spooner*.
Also, To Let,
The Dwelling-House next north of said Lot, with a Shop and Garden annexed.—For terms, &c. enquire of
JOSEPH J. ROBINSON,
Washington-Street.
Newport, 10th of 1st month.

WANTED,
AN Apprentice to the Blacksmithing Business from 12 to 15 years of age.—Apply to
JAMES SHAW.
Newport, Jan, 5

Seventeenth Congress.

IN SENATE, Jan. 28, 1822.
Officers of the Customs.

MR. BOYNES, from the Committee on Finance, reported with [illegible] amendments the bill to [illegible] the compensation of Officers of the Customs; which were read.

Mr. Van Dyke laid before the Senate certain resolutions of the Legislature of Delaware favorable to an appropriation of a portion of the public lands [illegible]

[illegible]

Mr. D'Wolf [illegible] considerable length, [illegible] views in offering the resolution [illegible] bracing a variety of practical statements of the course of trade to show the advantage would accrue to the [illegible] by extending the benefit of drawbacks, inasmuch as it would encourage internal industry and exportation; urging the expediency of adopting such measures as would tend to diminish the existing inequality in the amount of imports and exports, as detrimental to the publick as it always is to the interest of a private individual to buy more than he sells, &c.

Mr. Dickerson, without inquiring into the merits of the proposition, would merely observe, that he should consider any bill which might grow out of the resolution, in the nature of a revenue bill, and, as such it would be improper to originate in the Senate.

Mr. D'Wolf observed, that if a bill on this subject could be considered a revenue bill, then the Senate could originate no measure for the regulation of trade; for this would be nothing more; it proposed no tax, or impost by which revenue could be raised, and therefore he considered it not liable to the objection made to it.

The resolution lies on the table one day of course.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to transmit to the Senate, a list of the revenue bonds taken by the several collectors of the customs which now remain unpaid, with the names, dates, and times they respectively were or shall became due.

And the Senate adjourned.

Tuesday January 29

The Resolutions offered yesterday by Messrs Noble and D'Wolf were agreed to. The latter was amended by expunging the amount of drawback, proposed.

Military Roads in Maine.

The resolution offered yesterday, by Chandler, proposing an inquiry into the expediency of making two military roads from the State of Maine to the British line, was next taken up.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, gave a description of the country referred to, to shew the value which these roads would be for military purposes, if the country should ever again involved in war with the same nation with which it was recently engaged in hostilities, and there was little probability of a war with any other power.

Mr. Macon said as to preparing for war, there was no danger that a free people will ever be unprepared for it; the danger was that they would be too well prepared for it, and too ready to engage in it; for it seemed to him that free government had the same effect on the human constitution as heat had on iron, it made it swell.—Commence these roads, and there is no telling where it

would end; for legislation might be compared to shingling a house—the first row is useless unless you go on lapping one row over another to the top. It will prove just so with apropriations for roads if they are once begun.

Mr. Holmes would apply to Mr. Macon's similie the story of a man who lived in a house open at the top; a neighbor called in one day while it was raining, and the owner exposed to the weather, and asked him why he did not shingle his house? Would you, he answered, have me shingle it while it is raining? No. Well, then, said he, in dry weather it dont want shingling. So the house went without it altogether.

Was not that man, rejoined Mr. Macon, a long lived one?

Mr. Chandler, to continue the similie, said it would be strange in this case, if they refused to inquire whether the house wanted shingling, when the fact was stated, and the inquiry only proposed.

The resolution was agreed to—18 to 10. Adj.

Wednesday, Jan. 30.

Officers of the Customs, &c.

The senate then resumed in committee of the whole, the consideration of the bill further to establish the compensations of the Collectors of the Customs, &c. and the amendments reported thereto by the Committee on Finance. (These amendments were numerous but embraced principally modifications of detail, and regulations of the pay of weighers, gaugers, inspector, &c.

Mr. Holmes, of Maine, submitted a number of remarks, explanatory of the different amendments proposed, and to shew, from abuses which he cited, the necessity of so fixing by law the pay of the various subordinate revenue officers, as to prevent the impositions and waste heretofore existing—many of them (inspectors, weighers, &c.) having years received (by acting in double capacities) from four to five, and even six thousand dollars per ann.

Mr. Holmes, of Mississippi, moved so to amend the bill as to retain the revenue officer at Natchez (which the bill proposed to abolish) as his salary was but 150 dollars, and his services were probably necessary to prevent frauds on the revenue by the introduction of smuggled goods, &c.

Mr. Holmes of Maine, replied that the only use of an officer there, was to grant temporary registers, and he had granted but one of these since the office was created; though if he was deemed serviceable in preventing smuggling, Mr. H. had no objection to his retention.

The amendment was agreed to by the casting vote of the President—15 rising for, and 15 against it.

The bill being reported to the Senate the amendments were all agreed to, and it was then ordered to be engrossed and read a third time. Adjourned.

Thursday, Jan. 31.

Mr. Gaillard presented a petition from sundry citizens of Colleton District, S. C. representing the injurious effect of the law which prohibits the intercourse in British vessels from the West-Indies, and praying its repeal.

The engrossed bill further to establish the compensation of officers of the customs was passed, and sent to the House for concurrence.

The Senate then went into consideration of executive business, and adjourned at three o'clock.

Friday, Feb. 1.

A letter was received from the Vice President, through Mr King, stating, that in consequence of ill health, he would be compelled to return to his family.

The Senate thereupon adjourned to two o'clock at which hour they proceeded to elect a President, and on the second ballot Mr. Gaillard having a majority of votes, was declared to be elected President *pro tem.*

On taking the chair, Mr. Gaillard addressed the Senate, and expressed his unfeigned gratitude, for the fresh token of confidence and favor, and assured them that, whatever of industry, experience, or capacity he possessd, should be faithfully directed to an honest and impartial execution of the trust reposed in him.

The Secretary was ordered to communicate the election to the President and House.

After attending to Executive business The Senate adjourned to Monday.

House of Representatives,

Monday, January 28

Among the petitions this day presented was a memorial by Mr. Durfee, from sundry inhabitants of Newport, Rhode-Island praying for the establishment of an uniform system of bankruptcy in the U. S. which obtained the usual reference

After the transaction of much minor business, the bill was taken up for the apportionment of Representatives.

The question being on concurrence with the committee of the whole on the ratio of 42,000—After considerable debate, this number was non-concurred in—Yeas 83, Nays 90.

Mr. Taylor then moved to fill the blank with 47,000.—After considerable debate thereon,

The House adjourned without taking the question.

Tuesday, January 29.

Mr. Nelson, of Vir. laid the following resolution on the table;

Resolved That the President of the U. S. be requested to lay before this House such communications as may be in the possession of the Executive, from the Agents of the U. S. with the governments south of the United States, which have declared their independence and the communications from the agents of such governments in the United States with the Secretary of State as tend to shew the political condition of those governments, and the state of the war between them and Spain, as it may be consistent with the public interest to communicate

Mr. Johnson submitted a resolution, requesting the President to lay before the House such information as he may possess, with regard to the piratical depredations on our commerce in the West-Indies, &c.

A Message was received from the President, communicating all the papers, called for by Mr. Whitman's resolution, relative to the late transactions in Florida.

☞ These papers are as follow

1. Papers received from, and Correspondence with Governour Andrew Jackson.

2 Correspondence of the Secretary of State with Mr. Salmon, Charge des Affaires of Spain & with Mr. Auduaga, the Minister of Spain.

3. Correspondence with and papers received from Judge Fromentine

4 Papers received from Colonel Butler embracing his correspondence, with Governour Coppinger.

5. Papers received from W. G. D. Worthington, Secretary of East Florida.

6. Letter from J Walton, Secretary of East Florida acting as Governor in the absence of Governour Jackson, which were laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

And the house adjourned.

Wednesday Jan 30.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Nelson, of Va calling for information of any correspondence with or information respecting, the South American governments, in the possession of the Executive, was read and adopted.

New Rules of Proceeding.

The House then took up the resolution of the Senate, concurring with the joint committee, reporting two new rules, one of which is, that no bill shall be presented to the President for his signature on the last day of each session of Congress; the other, that no bill shall be originated in either house during the three last days of the session.

This subject produced some debate, and, after a motion made by Mr. A Smyth, of Va. to amend the resolve, so as to qualify the restriction proposed limiting it to bills "of a public or general nature," being negatived, the rules were agreed to as reported.

The apportionment bill was then taken up. Mr. Taylor altered his motion from forty-seven to forty five thousand, which was, after a long debate negatived, 61 to 118.

Mr. Condict then proposed thirty-nine thousand, as the ratio—also negatived, 56 to 120.

Mr. Randolph then moved to fix the ratio at 30,000; when,

After some debate, the House adjourned, without taking the question thereon.

Thursday, Jan. 31.

Mr. Trimble offered the following joint resolutions, which he prefaced by appropriate remarks:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the U. S. of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the U. S. be and he is hereby authorized and requested to acknowledge the Independence of the Republic of Colombia, and by an interchange of accredited ministers, place the political relations of that government with the U S on An equal footing with those of all other independent nations.

And be it further resolved, That such of the Spanish Provinces in South America as have established and are maintaining their independence on Spain, ought in like manner to be acknowledged by the U S. as free, sovereign and independent governments

The resolutions were read twice laid on the table, and ordered to be printed

Mr. Burton, of N C. offered a resolution, the substance of which was, that a select committee should be appointed to inquire into the expediency of repealing the law for the encouragement of vaccination, passed in the year 1813 Mr. B then alluded to Dr. Smith of Baltimore, the vaccine agent, who had, by some strange accident, introduced the small-pox into North Carolina which has, in a few weeks, been scattered for several miles round. Mr. B said, that if there has been any fault on the part of the agent, he wished that he should not have it in his power again to do further injury; and if, on the other hand, there had been no fault on his part he should be reinstated to public confidence, which had been much shaken by the late transaction

A considerable debate then arose, generally on the subject of vaccination, but the resolution was finally ordered to lie on the table.

Apportionment Bill.

The House then went into the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, the apportionment bill.—Mr. Randolph proposed 30,000 as the ratio, which was negatived—37,000, 41,000, 35,000, 38,000—were severally proposed, and rejected. Adj

Friday, Feb 1.

The Speaker laid before the House the following documents:

A communication from the Navy Department, transmitting a statement of moneys drawn by that department from the Treasury fom October 1, 1820, to September 30, 1821; referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, and ordered to be printed.

From the Treasury Department, a statement of payments to weighers, inspectors &c. for several years past; laid on the table and ordered to be printed

The bill from the Senate "further to establish the compensation of Officers of the Customs, and to alter certain Collection Districts, and for other purposes," was received twice read and, on motion of Mr. Hill, referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The House then resumed the consideration of the apportionment bill, which occupied the remainder of the sitting without any decision.

Adjourned at 6 o'clock.

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 4.

Late from Europe,

BY the arrival yesterday of the ship Manhattan, Capt Crocker, in 34 days from Liverpool the editors of the Mercantile Advertiser have been favored with London papers to Dec 26th, and Liverpool to the 28th Dec 22 days later than before received

Capt. Crocker has brought voluminous despatches from France for our government, and for the French minister and consuls. He was informed by Mr. Maury our consul at Liverpool, that the dispatches he believed, contained a COMMERCIAL TREATY, which it was understood, had been agreed upon, and signed at Paris, between the United States and France. We find nothing of this circumstance in our London papers, but private letters received at Liverpool from France spoke of it as certain.

The most prominent news in the papers, relate to the change in the French ministry, the commencement of hostilities between Turkey and Persia, and the prospect that the latter power will be assisted by Russia

St. Petersburg, Dec. 4.—A speedy war with the Turks is expected.

Vienna, Dec 10—The Russian and Turkish outposts on the Pruth have had some skirmishes, but which have not led to any thing serious. The troops of the two nations merely observe each other.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 28.—"As soon as the Turkish, Egyptian, and Algerine, squadrons were united, the Capitane-Bey caused all the Greek mariners, who had faithfully served until this day, to be put to death All Macedonia is in the power of the Greeks, who follow up and exterminate the detached corps, which the Turks have there The English Government continues, in the Ionian Isles, to show itself extremely rigorous towards every thing Grecian. They have arrested the Archbishop Manaras, who is devoted to his countrymen."

FRANKFORT, NOV 23.—Notice is received from Petersburg, that the Emperor Alexander insists, more than ever, upon the immediate cession of Moldavia and Wallachia; and demands that his troops may occupy during a certain number of years, these strong places of Moldavia, in order to possess a guarantee for the execution of the treaty. The answer of the Porte will decide upon war or peace.

The Greeks have obtained new victories at Candia. Several battles have taken place in this island, in which the Turks have lost many troops

NUREMBURG NOV 24.—On the 10th inst. ten Janissaries were beheaded at Constantinople, for having disturbed the public peace Tranquillity reigned in the capital; the Grecian worship is not troubled; the Patriarch, it is true, does not enjoy the confidence of the Greeians, however; he uses every effort to re-establish the united Grecian Churches

The Sultan, who occupies the throne of the Ottoman empire, is detested by the Janissaries, because he wishes to to introduce into that seditious band the European discipline. The Sultan has only one legitimate son, who is 8 years of age, and whom he always keeps near him, as a shield against the fury of the Janissaries.

LONDON, DEC. 26.

The Brussels papers say, the delay of Alexander, in declaring against the Turks, is attributed to the apprehension that his invasion of Turkey would be a signal for the massacre of the Greeks, in those places of which the Turks retain the possession.

The general Congress of the Greeks is about to take place in Peloponnesus. The principal islands of the Archipelago and the five provinces of Greece, send deputies there; three from Hydra and two from Spezia have already arrived. This congress will determine the definitive government of Greece.

Sir Thomas Gordon has been appointed commander of Tripolitza. He arrived at Peloponnesus on the 7th of August, with several French and English officers, and brought a vessel loaded with ammunition. Fifteen hundred Greeks, detached from a corps which has been for some time practising military tactics, have been committed to his command.

FRANCE.

Upon the change of Ministry in France, the London Courier makes the following comments:—"Thus has terminated for the present, the struggle between the King and the Chamber—We learn from private letters of good authority, that his Majesty yielded very reluctantly, to the necessity of this measure. In the course of Friday he several times consented and retracted, and it was not till a late hour at night that he finally sanctioned the arrangement as it now appears Looking to the elements of which this Ministry is composed, however, we cannot prophecy for it a very long existence—It is composed of men decidedly ultra-royal in their principles, and the fact is undeniable, that the party professing those principles are not likely to conciliate public opinion in France. It is useless to say that it could be otherwise; the simple fact that it is not so is the ground upon which our reasoning must be built. The belief is very generally entertained throughout France, that a ultra party cherish views which can never be realised without vitally compromising the existing interests of nine-tenths of the people, immediately, or remotely."

Still Later from Europe,

NEW-YORK, Feb. 5.

The January Packet Ship Albion, Capt. Williams, arrived last evening from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 4th of Jan in the morning.—There is no news of importance Capt Williams heard nothing of a Commercial Treaty between the United States and France nor do we find any notice of it in the papers.

The Albion brings no later London papers than the 31st Dec the ship sailed early in the morning, and left behind the packages intended to be put on board that day

The London Courier of Dec. 31st gives news from Paris of the previous Friday. The King of France had been alarmingly ill brought on by anxieties and fatigues he had undergone during the dissentions between the Chambers of Deputies and Ministers He had recovered and was able to attend to business.

The French stocks had fallen, and continued to fall.—Some attributed the fall to reports of the death of the King;—others to a report of a war between France and Spain The Constitutionel of the 28th, however, says these reports are the effect of ill will to the ministry The Liberals were profiting by these circumstances, in attributing them to a want of confidence in the ministry.

There was also a stock panic in London on the 31st of Dec—The fall of the French funds, and large failures in Paris, were given as the cause

The London Courier considers the daily news from Russia as interesting All the fortresses on the frontiers of Turkey were officially ordered to be put in a respectable state of defence. Several works had been commenced—M. Forster, General in Chief of the Engineers had been ordered by the Emperor to visit the fortresses: A corps, with 100 pieces of artillery, with heavy cannon, was to assemble near Caminice, in Podolia.

Several regiments of foot had arrived at Choczim.

Gen Yermoloff the Commander in Chief, had been summoned to Laybach.

The President's Message to Congress was received in London Dec. 31st,

The London papers are filled with accounts of the disturbances in the southern counties of Ireland, some parts of which appear to be in a condition little short of open rebellion: The most horrid barbarities have been perpetrated and murders of the most attrocious kind are of daily occurrence.

PARIS, Dec 24

Letters from Semlin, dated the 6th instant, which have been received by an extraordinary conveyance announce, that on the 4th there arrived at Belgrade eight couriers in succession, from Constantinople.—After receiving their dispatches, the Pacha shut himself up in his apartments which, with the Ottomans, notifies the occurrence of some great disaster

Accounts from Warsaw of Dec. 4 state, that an ukase has been issued prohibiting Free-mason Lodges in Russia; they have been shut up since the 15th of October.

ODESSA, Nov. 28.

Letters from Constantinople of the 24th of this month, state, that a Turkish corps had been defeated at Erzerum by the Persians, and that it lost all its artillery. One of these even affirms that the Persians are masters of Trebisond, on the Black Sea. The heads of the unfortunate Prince Callimachi and his family were exposed on the gates of the Seraglio on the 21st.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

Saturday, Feb. 9, 1822.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The General Assembly of this State adjourned at Providence, on Friday evening, the 1st inst. to meet again in this town on the first Wednesday in May next. In addition to the revision of the Statute Laws of the State, much other business of a public and private nature was transacted. The revised statutes will be prepared for the press by the Secretary, and published under the direction of a committee appointed for that purpose, with as much dispatch as may be consistent with the importance of the object.

In addition to the revision of the laws, the following important measures were adopted:—

An act was passed, for submitting the question of a Convention to the people, at the annual town-meetings in April.

A system of internal revenue was devised, to go into operation in May next, by which an annual duty of $2 is laid on every tavern and retailer's licence—10 per cent. on all fees received by the Clerks of the Supreme Judicial and Common Pleas Courts, over and above $400—$1 on every civil commission—$100 on every broker or money changer or vender of foreign lottery tickets, who is also to be licenced, under a penalty of $200—$200 on every agent of a foreign insurance company, also to be licenced, penalty $400—50 cents on every thousand dollars of the capitals of the State Banks—1 per cent. on the dividends of all (except the Mutual Fire) Insurance Companies—and 1 per cent. on all sales at auction—(the town duty of half is reduced to one quarter per cent.)—These duties are to be paid into the General Treasury, and are calculated to obviate the necessity of State taxes!

An act was passed, fixing an annual salary for the Secretary of State of $650, instead of fees of office. The salary of the General Treasurer was also reduced from $400 to $350. An act was passed reducing the compensation of the Senators from $1:67 to $1:50 per day; and another act for allowing the Representatives $1:50 per day, out of the General Treasury—(they have heretofore been paid by the towns.)—These acts are to take effect in May next.

An order passed both Houses, directing the General Treasurer to liquidate and settle the claims of the Town of Providence on the State Treasury, for monies received from the U. S. government, on account of expenditures by that town, during the late war; and to pay over the balance which may be found due.

An act passed requiring Town-Clerks to account to the General Assembly, at their next session, for all the militia fines paid over to the Town-Councils during the last five years, under a penalty of $200.

A committee was appointed to procure a bell for the State-House in Providence.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

Since our last, there has been numerous arrivals at Boston and New-York from England, bringing London dates to the 1st of January—extracts from which will be found in our preceding columns.

The London papers say, that War, and that without delay, between Russia and Turkey, is now considered as certain.—The Russian troops are advancing upon the Turkish frontiers, with immense parks of artillery.—Letters from Leipsic, dated Dec. 18th, state, that an account had been received there, of a Grand Council held at Petersburgh, and presided by the Emperor Alexander, at which decisive measures were adopted with respect to the Porte. At the breaking up of the Council, several couriers were dispatched to the southern provinces of the Russian Empire.

The remnant of the Turkish fleet had returned, without having effected any thing.

The Persians continued to advance victoriously. The news that Bagdat had fallen into their hands, is confirmed.

The Greeks were successful at sea against the Turks.

From the Spanish Maine

By Capt. Waring, arrived at New-York from Curracoa, that the Royalists had fitted out four expeditions from Puerto Cavello against the Patriots, but had failed in every attempt, with great loss—in consequence of which, it was expected that it would soon fall into the hands of the Patriots.

MR. BAYLIES' SPEECH.

In the House of Representatives of the U. S. on the 31st ult. in the debate on the Apportionment of Representatives, Mr. Baylies, of Bristol District, (Mass.) concluded his Speech with the following eloquent and complimentary remarks, on the State of Rhode-Island :—

"Sir, I am willing to avow, and I do frankly avow, that my principal objection to the numbers which have been moved (above 40,000) is on account of the cruel operation which those numbers will have upon the State of Rhode-Island, which State, by the adoption of either, will be deprived of one half of its representation.

The gentleman from Virginia (Mr. Randolph) the other day, with his usual eloquence, alluded to the State of Delaware, and although I am willing to assent to the whole of his elogium upon that State, still I must be permitted to say, that in enterprise, in industry, in talents and in patriotism, the State of Rhode-Island is not surpassed by any other in this confederation. Sir, notwithstanding the equality of her vote in the Senate, she has never been over-represented.

There is no State in the Union, in proportion to territory and population, which can sustain any comparison with Rhode-Island, in commercial and manufacturing capital. In commercial consequence she maintains the 5th rank amongst the States. As a manufacturing State, I do not know that I should say too much, if I said that she maintained the first; especially, if I brought into the estimate the amount of manufacturing capital owned by citizens of Rhode-Island, and employed in the States of Connecticut and Massachusetts.

In one part of the State, the enterprise and skill of her farmers have rendered her soil more productive than any I have ever yet seen.

The enterprise of a Rhode-Island merchant opened the way to the trade of the Indies.

The first cotton manufactory that was ever reared in America, was reared in Rhode-Island.

Has she no claims upon the gratitude of the nation for revolutionary services? Rhode-Island almost commenced the Revolution; the burning of the Gaspee was the first open and forcible act of resistance to the authority of Great-Britain. The destruction of the tea at Boston, although prior in time, was effected by men in disguise. Rhode-Island for a long time was one of the principal seats of the war, yet she did not confine her exertions to her own territory; at Red Bank, and in New-Jersey, the blood of her sons, her gallant sons, was poured out like water. The Rhode-Island regiments were not excelled by any; in an army where all were patriots, and all were heroes, the laurel never encircled nobler brows than those of her Olneys, her Dexters, her Sherburnes, and her Greenes. If ever the flame of patriotism burnt pure and unadulterated, it was in the bosoms of the revolutionary whigs of that State. The revolutionary navy was confided to a Rhode-Island Commodore.

Has she not furnished to our National Councils her full proportion of talent, and patriotism? Sir, in the last Congress, the two Senators of this little State were the ornaments of the body of which they were Members. It is not indecorous to allude to them; one sleeps in the grave, and one is in private life; yet they were not excelled by any others in genius, eloquence, political knowledge, and in generous and manly feeling. If she has given to your revolutionary armies and navies, her Greene's and her Hopkins's; If the Western frontier was rescued from the horrors of the scalping knife, and the tomahawk, during the last war, by the consummate skill and matchless bravery of Oliver Hazard Perry a favourite son of Rhode-Island; If she has sent her Burrill's and her Hunter's to your National Councils: If she pays more money into the national coffers (with the exception of four) than any single State in the Union: If her enterprise has disclosed one of the most profitable sources of trade; If she gave the first impulse to that branch of national industry, which, more surely than any other, will develope the national resources, and lead to national wealth; I think it is incumbent on us to hesitate a long time before we do an act which will materially lessen her influence, and consign her to the lowest rank in our republic; and I think it right in settling this question, which is a question of discretion, that all these circumstances should have their weight. She is one of the old Thirteen States. In the contest for Independence, she nobly sustained her part. For one, I do not wish to witness the waning of this small, but bright and glorious star. But, Sir, if the amputating knife must be used, she must submit. She will submit, with regret indeed, but I trust with dignity.—She will still be found leaning on her anchor, and trusting to her God."

FLORIDA.

Some of the Spanish officers expelled by Gov. Jackson, have returned to Pensacola, saying they have resigned, and are now only private citizens—but the acting Governor still considers them as Officers, and confines them to their quarters.

It is said the Secretary of State has written to Gen. Jackson, approving his entire conduct in Florida.

FROM ST. DOMINGO.

By an arrival at New-York, we learn that the late revolution in the Spanish part of St. Domingo, has resulted in favor of the Columbian Republic, and the Royal Governor was obliged to quit the Island. President Boyer was assembling his forces to take possession of that section of the country, where he had many partisans. It was supposed his army would amount to 20,000.

PIRACIES!

The *Charleston Mercury* of the 26th ult, in remarking on the piracy committed on the brig Dover, (under our marine head) says,—"Not a day has passed, for some months, in which an account of some murder or robbery, or both, at sea has not reached some one or other of the ports of this country.—The grand focus of these Algerines is in the Island of Cuba.—If the authorities of Cuba are not efficacious enough to stop these attrocities, it becomes our own Government to interfere, and by some means or other to prevent such abominations."

Orders have been given by the Navy Department to fit for sea immediately, the frigate Macedonian, now lying at Boston. Her destination is supposed to be the West-Indies.

FROM AFRICA.

We copy from the Charleston papers of the 23d ult. the following particulars of the cruise of the U. S. schooner Alligator, Lt. Com. Stockton :—

The Alligator left Sierra Leone Dec. 7, and proceeded to Cape Messurado, where a very eligible district of country has been obtained from the native Kings in the name of the American Colonization Society, for locating the colored persons emigrating from this country. The situation is healthy and the river navigable for vessels drawing 10 or 12 feet water. Two small Islands, in the river, have also been purchased, on which are buildings ready for the reception of the colonists. Sailing master Hunter, of the Alligator, with five seamen and a boy volunteered to remain at Messurado, where they took charge of the schooner Augusta, belonging to the Society, with which they were to proceed next day for Sierra Leone, to remove the colonists from thence to their newly acquired possessions, under the under the direction of Dr. Eli Ayres, the principal agent of the Colonization Society.

It was very unhealthy at Sierra Leone, but the colonists generally were in good health and spirits.

The English are endeavoring to extend their dominions in Africa, and appear to be fully sensible of the growing importance of the trade to that quarter of the globe. A new Governor had just arrived at Sierra Leone, from England

Lieut. Stockton estimates the number of slaves taken from the coast during the last year under the French flag, to be fully two hundred thousand.

Lieut. S. has made a considerable collection of Curiosities for the Cabinet of Natural History in the College of Princeton, N. J.—Among them is a live African Guana, a young Serpent of the *Boa Constrictor* species, which is so gentle that it is handled by any one; a Whale and many others, in entire preservation.

Melancholy Occurrence.

The wife of Mr. Samuel Thomas, 108 Chesnut-street, Philadelphia, was burnt to death on Tuesday week. It appears she expected company in the evening of the day of this melancholy catastrophe, and having dressed herself she proceeded to the kitchen to give some directions. In order to ascertain whether the buckwheat batter was rising, she placed the candle on the hearth, and in stooping down it came in contact with the flounce of her dress. The flame instantly run up and communicated to her colorett, and burnt so intensely as to perforate her wind-pipe before any assistance could be rendered. A black girl was in the room at the time who, instead of offering any relief, in her fright, instantly ran to Mr. Thomas but he was to late!

More Piracy.

Captain Perkins, of the schr. Camden, of Camden, Me and one of his men, have arrived at Havanna. His vessel and cargo were destroyed by a piratical schooner off Cape Antonio. Capt P. and crew were landed on a desolate island, where they remained four days without sustenance, when they were taken off by a Spanish droger having nothing left but the clothes they had on. Capt P. confirms the account of the murder of the captain and cook of an English vessel.

New-York Gazette.

A daring theft was committed in this town on Monday evening, in the house of Mr. Benjaman Clifford, which some person or persons entered, undiscovered by the family at an early hour, and robbed of a great variety of valuable clothing.

A Coloured woman whose name is Roxana Mowry was yesterday afternoon apprehended and brought before justice Aplin, and has confessed that she committed the crime. The goods have been discovered, and principally restored to the owner. Similar thefts are complained of in other populous places and house keepers should be thereby admonished to fasten their front doors.

Providence Gazette.

Counterfeiters.—Five hundred dollar notes of the Phœnix Bank of New-York and 100 of the Franklin Bank Baltimore amounting to upwards of 16 000 dollars, have been found in a heap of stable manure at Philadelphia. They are all forgeries, and so well executed, that one of the same description, was lately taken by a broker, and afterwards received as genuine in one of the Philadelphia Banks.

It is reported from Matanzas, that the life of Capt Kearney, of the United States Brig Enterprise, would be in danger, if he visited either Havanna or that place.

It is gratifying to see, by the Report of the National Treasury, that the Exports from the United States for the year, ending the 30 Sept. 1821, exceed the Imports, two millions, four hundred thousand dollars.

Thomas Chappel, William Wright, and Seth Weeks, of the crew of the unfortunate Nantucket whaling Ship Essex, have been taken from a desolate Island, near Ducie's Island, by the British ship Surry, Capt. Raine, who went there to relieve them. The men were carried to New South Wales, and were all well on board the Surry the 9th of June last.

Married,

In this town on Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Webb, Mr Oliver Brownell to Miss Sarah Green, both of Portsmouth.

At North-Kingstown on the 20th ult. by the Rev. Mr Northup, Capt. John Westcott to Miss Lydia Tennant, daughter of Capt. George Tennant, all of that place.

Died,

In this town on Tuesday last, Mrs Hannah Hefford, in the 87th year of her age

At Providence on Tuesday evening last, Hon Jeremiah B Howell, formerly Senator in Congress from this State, in the 51st year of his age.

On the 1st. inst. Miss Caroline Martin, eldest daughter of Joseph Martin, Esq in the 23d year of her age

In Foster, on the 10th ult. Mr. Thomas Anderson, in the 85th year of his age, a revolutionary pensioner.

Drowned on the 17th ult Mr. Ebenezer Norton of Somerset, (Mass) in attempting to cross the river on the ice, from Tiverton to Swanzey

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1822. February.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water.	Moon rises.
9 *Saturday*,	6 55	5 5	10 24	9 5
10 *Sunday*,	6 53	5 7	11 6	10 8
11 *Monday*,	6 52	5 8	11 49	11 12
12 *Tuesday*,	6 50	5 10	morn.	morn.
13 *Wednesday*,	6 49	5 11	0 33	0 15
14 *Thursday*,	6 48	5 12	1 21	1 17
15 *Friday*,	6 47	5 14	2 11	2 17

Moon's Last Quarter, 13th day, 10h. 20 min. in the Evening.

Marine List,

Port of Newport.

Feb. 9, 1822.

Entered,

Ship Hope, Andrews, St. Salvador
Schooner Maria Rhodes, Honduras

Cleared,

Brig Samuel, Shearman, West-Indies
Gen. Jackson, Greenman N York
Sch'r Experiment, Paine, Providence
Sloop Charles, Baker, New Orleans

Arrived on Tuesday last, Swedish Brig Bernadotte, Stanch, 115 days from Gottenburg, with Iron, &c. bound to Boston,—Having experienced severe gales on the passage, was compelled to put into this port.—Spoke no vessels.

Same day, Schooner Maria, Rhodes, from Honduras bound to Providence.

Arrived on Wednesday, Schooner Rambler, Blish, of Hallowell, 29 days from New-Orleans, with Cotton, bound to Providence.—Passed in the River, Schooner Kennebeck Trader, Gale, of this port; Hunter, Burdick, of Nantucket; Indian Queen, Philsbury, of Hallowell.—Off the double-headed shot keys spoke Schooner Ceres, Atkins, from Boston bound to Havanna.

MARINE MEMORANDA

Left at Matanzas Jan. 16th, (by brig Dover, arrived at Charleston) Brig Russell, Newton, of this port, from Charleston, discharging.

At Havanna Jan 19th, Brig John, Burdick, 9 days from this port; Hiram, Waite, of do. from New-Orleans; Otter, Hopkins, for New-York, loading.

Arrived at the Balize Jan. 12th, Ship Newport, Burroughs, 16 days from this port.

Arrived at Charleston Jan. 25th, Sloops Express, Hammett, and Rapid, Perry, both in 12 hours from Savannah, with Cotton.

Schooner Sarah Ann, Vinson, of this port, touched at Jacquemel Dec. 20th, and sailed again for Acquin.

Brig Balance, Bennett, of Bristol, arrived at Liverpool Dec 22d, in 24 days from New-York

Up at New-Orleans Jan. 16th, Brig Baltic, Eldred, of this port, for Havanna.

Brig Atlantic, Bailey, of Wickford, arrived at the Balize Jan. 12th, from St. Jago,

Ship Charlotte, Church, of Bristol, sailed from Cork Nov, 24th, for New-York.

Charleston, Jan 26,

MORE PIRACY!

Extract from the Log-Book of the brig Dover, Capt. Sabins, arrived at this port yesterday from Matanzas.

Jan 16 sea account, at 1 P M. Pan of Matanzas bearing S. saw a boat coming to us from a small dogher, which came out of Matanzas the night before us, with 5 Spaniards armed with long knives, pistols, cutlasses &c.—When they got within hail they fired a musket at us, cheered and came on board.—They were the most villainous looking rascals that any one had probably ever beheld. They immediately drew their weapons, and after beating us severely with their cutlasses, drove us below.—They then robbed us of all our clothes except what we had on, our watches, and every thing of value.—We were afterwards called up singly.—Four men with drawn knives stood over the captain, and threatened him if he did not give up his money, they would kill all hands and burn the vessel. After robbing the people they commenced plundering the brig. They broke open the hatches, made us get our boat and carry their plunder to their vessel. They took from us a compass, 5 bags coffee, 1 barrel sugar, nearly all our provisions, our colours, rigging and cooking utensils. They then ordered us to stand to the North, or they would overhaul us, murder the crew and burn the vessel. We made sail, & shortly after were brought too by another boat of the same character, which fired into us, but left us upon being informed that we had been already robbed.

The United States schr Porpoise was off Matanzas the day before Capt S sailed.

PEWS, at Auction.

THE following PEWS in Trinity Church, viz.—No. 29, No. 11, & No 93—will be Sold at Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 5th of March, 1822, at 11 o'clock A. M. unless the Taxes due on said Pews be paid on or before that time.

By order of the Vestry,
WM. H. RAHTBONE, *Jun Warden.*
Newport, Feb. 9

TO LET,

And Possession given the 1st of April,

THE Dwelling-House in Church-Street, next east of the Moravian Meeting-House.—Enquire at this Office.
Newport, Feb. 9.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate of Middletown, the Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the Creditors against the Estates of

Peter Mitchell & Mary Mitchell

late of said Middletown, deceased, represented insolvent, give notice, that Six months from the date hereof are allowed to said creditors to bring in and prove their claims;—That they will attend at their respective dwellings during said term, to receive the same.

Giles Manchester, } *Comm'rs.*
Gideon Anthony, }

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make payment to

Jethro F. Mitchell, *Adm'r.*
Middletown, 8th of 2d mo. 1822.

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for Feb. 1, 1822

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the Subscriber, the Agent in Newport.

J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Feb. 9.

AUCTIONS.

TO LET, at Public Auction,

On MONDAY, Feb. 11, 1822

At 2 o'clock P M on the premises, if fair if not, the first fair day after.)

THE Real Estate of Joseph Cundall, Esq late of Portsmouth, deceased, viz;—The Grist Mill, Clothiers Works, Looms and Spinning Machinery, now occupied by *Clarke & Grinnell* as a Wool Manufactory; all in complete order for business

Also, The FARM, called the Cook Farm, containing 100 Acres—and the Ferry Farm, so called, containing about 30 Acres.—The excellency of the above Farms for meadow, pasture and tillage land, are too well known to need any recommendation.

Likewise, A Dwelling-House convenient for one or two small families, and contiguous to either of the above Farms. Conditions made known at the time and place.

SAMUEL CLARKE, } *Adm'rs*
GILES MANCHESTER }
Portsmouth, Jan 15, 1822

To be Sold at Public Auction,

On the 18th of Second Month next at X o'clock A M on the premises, (if fair if not the first fair day after)

THE Real Estate of the late, *Abraham Anthony*, deceased, situated in the Town of Portsmouth, containing the following Tracts or parcels of Land viz:—

The homestead FARM pleasantly situated about six miles from Newport, containing 122 Acres of good Land which is well watered, and fenced with stone wall, and has on it Five Orchards of Fruit Trees, several of them young and thrifty;—A well finished two-story Dwelling-House almost new; Barn, Crib, Chaise-house, &c in good repair, and a good well of water near the house.

Also, One other Tract of Land situated near the above, containing 12 1-2 Acres of valuable Wood land.—One other Tract of Wood land, situated about one mile from the above containing about 4 1-2 Acres.

Also immediately after the above, Will be sold a number of Farming tools, a quantity of good hay and a variety of other articles.—Conditions made known at the time and place of sale

PHILP ANTHONY.
Portsmouth, 25th of 1st mo. 1822.

TO LET at Public Auction.

On TUESDAY Feb 19, 1822 at XI o'clock A M. on the premises, for the Term of One Year

THE Dwelling-House and Lot of Land, at the head of Broad-Street, formerly occupied by Mr. *Nathan Barker*.—Possession given the 25th March next.—Conditions made known at the time and place.

Wm. LOVIE, *Auc'r.*
Newport, Feb. 1.

TO LET, *at Public Auction,*

On the 19th day of Feb. 1822, at half past XI o'clock A. M on the premises (if fair, if not the first fair day after)

A LOT of LAND about Twelve Acres situated near the head of Broad-Street.—*Also* One other Lot of Land about 4 1-2 Acres, adjoining Farewell-Street.—Conditions made known at the time and place.

Wm LOVIE, *Auc'r.*
Newport Feb 9

TO LET at Public Auction,

On WEDNESDAY Feb 13 1822 at XI o'clock A M on the premises for One Year from the 25th March next.

THE Dwelling House and Lot of Land, with a Blacksmith's Shop and other buildings thereon, situated in Middletown, being part of the Estate of Capt *George Sweet*, under a Mortgage to the subscriber

OLIVER WIGHTMAN.
Middletown, Feb 1.

Administrator's Sale.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the Supreme Judicial Court, there will be Sold at Public Auction, to satisfy the just debts reported by the Commissioners, on the Estate of *Nathaniel Hazard*, Esq with incidental charges, on the 2d day of April next, at XI o'clock A M. on the premises, the Mansion-House of the said Hazard situated in Newport fronting on Thames-Street, and now occupied for the Custom-House;—Together with two Garden Lots, in the rear of said House.—Conditions made known at the time and place of Sale.

DUTEE J PEARCE } *Adm'rs.*
JAMES TOWNSEND }
Newport, Dec. 20. 1821.

WANTED,

AN Apprentice to the Blacksmithing Business from 13 to 15 years of age.—Apply to

JAMES SHAW,
Newport, Jan, 5

POETRY.

FOR THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

OH, GRIEVE NO MORE.

NAY grieve no more—I know thy truth,
Will bear thee still from sinking,
Altho' the fondest hopes of youth
Were from thy bosom shrinking,
Altho' life's tenderest cords should strain,
As 'twere almost to breaking,
And thy young heart should throb again,
Almost to madness aching.

Alas, that care should rob that cheek,
And wet it o'er with tears,
Where virtue doth so sweetly speak,
And truth its image rears.
Tho loveliness is doom'd to share,
The bitterness of pain,
Sweet innocence still lingers there,
To light the smile again.

Mists from that sea where troubles roll,
When warmed by virtue's rays,
Encircle bright the rising soul,
And point to better days.
Thus tempests may with fears awhile,
The trembling mind alarm,
But soon the rainbow's golden smile,
Will bring a soothing calm.

Alas, that sorrow ere should throw,
Its sadness round the heart,
Which never saw its fellow low,
Nor took the mourner's part.
'Tis then the heart from error free,
May taste of woe awhile,
Yet conscious truth, by heaven's decree,
Will light again the smile.

Tho' darkness gather round the morn,
And rob the mind of rest,
Unclouded skies may still adorn,
And splendour light the west.
Tho' hid the sun by murky clouds,
Its winter's still endure,
Tho' round the soul affliction crouds,
Its truth is ever pure.

Then grieve no more tho' sorrow press,
Tho' care thy brow hath shaded,
'Tis but a passing loneliness,
And then the gloom hath faded.
The threads of life are strangely wove,
That twine this being o'er,
But by and bye, sweet notes of love,
Shall bid thee, *Grieve no more!*

C.

The following beautiful and touching fragment is taken from the *Charleston Courier*:—

THE TRUANT HUSBAND.

(A Fragment.)

HE comes not—I have watch'd the Moon go down.
But yet he comes not—once it was not so.
He thinks not how these bitter tears do flow
The while he holds his riot in that town.
Yet he will come, and chide, and I shall weep;
And he will wake my infant from its sleep,
To blend its feeble wailing with my tears.
O! how I love a mother's watch to keep
Over those sleeping eyes, that smile, which cheers
My heart tho'rough sunk in sorrow, fix'd and deep
I had a husband once, who lov'd me—now
He ever wears a frown upon his brow,
And feeds his passion on a wanton's lip,
As bees from laurel flow'rs a poison sip;
But yet, I cannot hate—O! there were hours,
When I could hang for ever on his eye,
And time, who stole with silent swiftness by,
Strewed, as he hurried on, his path with flow'rs
I lov'd him then—he loved me too—my heart
Still finds its fondness kindle, if he smile;
The memory of our loves will ne'er depart;
And though he often sting me with a dart,
Venom'd and barb'd, and waste upon the vile,
Caresses which his babe and mine should share;
Though he should spurn me, I will calmly bear
His madness—and should sickness come, and lay
Its paralyzing hand upon him, then
I would with kindness, all my wrongs repay,
Until the penitent should weep, and say
How injured and how faithful I had been.

MISCELLANY.

LUNATIC ASYLUM.

A noble Asylum for the Insane has recently been established a few miles from the City of New-York. It will be a durable monument of the munificence and humanity of the citizens of New-York—The editor of the "Statesman," who has visited the Asylum, describes it as follows:—

"The first thing that strikes the visitor is its dazzling situation, and the neatness of heavenses and enclosures It stands on an eminence, within a few rods of the left bank of the Hudson.—There are seventy acres of land belonging to the establishment, all of which is under cultivation, and adorned with trees, gardens, and promenades. The walks leading to the Asylum are laid out with much taste, enclosed with a chain railing and bordered with rows of box. On your right, as you approach from the south, is a spacious garden with a green-house, containing a great variety of plants taken from the Botanical garden in its vicinity, belonging to the State. On the left, is an ice-house; and on the north an extensive promenade, for the use of the lunatics, enclosed with impassable walls, and communicating with the Asylum by subterranean walks

The noble structure itself is upwards of 200 feet long, and four stories high, including the basement, which is designed for culinary purposes. It is built of a beautiful species of free stone, and presents a front at once simple, neat and majestic. The centre of the building has several large and convenient rooms, which are occupied by the officers of the Institution; while the apartments in the two wings, being about one hundred in all, are appropriated to the unfortunate tenants. The rooms are all finished in excellent style, kept perfectly neat, and furnished with every accommodation, that can tend to the comfort of their occupants. In the garret are two large cisterns, filled with water raised by pumps, and furnished with pipes, communicating with the several apartments Mr. Taylor was the architect of this majestic pile, the whole expense of which was about one hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

At sun-set we ascended the cupola of the Asylum, to take a view of the surrounding scene. It was a fine clear evening, and the vision was unobstructed to the utmost limits of the horizon.—To the north, the Hudson and its romantic banks are visible about thirty miles To the south, you have a charming view of the Neversink Hills, the harbour of New-York with its beautiful islands, and the spires of the city, at this season half obscured by wreaths of smoke. Towards the east, the eye rests on the Sound and its variegated scenery, of islands, rocks, woods, and country seats

What a contrast to such a scene does the visitant find, on descending into the cells below! At every step he there meets with the ruin of intellect From one apartment he hears the muttered madness and incoherent ravings of the maniac—in another he views the vacant stare of the idiot. At one moment, he witnesses the decayed energies of a mind, to whose eloquence senates may have listened, and whose flashes of wit could once, "set the table in a roar"—at another, he is called to lament over the wreck of female beauty, whose accomplishments could once charm, and whose elegance and vivacity added life and gaiety to the social circle.

FOR SALE,

THE Island in Point-Judith Pond South-Kingstown, called the Great Island, containing by estimation, One Hundred and Seventy Acres of most excellent Land, with all the buildings, consisting of a two-story Dwelling-House, large new Barn and Crib, and all other necessary buildings thereon, in complete repair and a well of good water near the House. The Land is walled into convenient lots.

ALSO,—A small Island, that formerly joined the aforementioned Island, containing 11 acres of land—the soil of both is of a superior quality, none better in this or the adjoining states; the whole being good arable land, well adapted for making cheese, raising corn, barley, rye and oats, or for keeping sheep, as it is supposed it can feed twelve hundred,—there is peat or tug, for fuel, in plenty, and many hauling places for the various kinds of fish—the pond contains such as Bass, Perch, Elwives, Oysters, Clams and Muscles, easily obtained.—Sea manure can also be easily obtained, as it is continually collecting on the shore.

☞ A FARM from Two to Five Thousand Dollars value, with good buildings, wood and orcharding, in this State, or Connecticut, if approved of, will be taken in part payment. A proportion of Cash will be expected, and the residue may remain with the purchaser, on approved security, for many years, paying the interest annually.—For further particulars and terms, apply to

EDWARD HAZARD, or
THOMAS C. HAZARD.
South-Kingstown, Nov. 16.

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for Feb 1, 1822.

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the subscriber, the Agent in Newport.

J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Feb. 1.

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

In General Assembly, January Session, A. D. 1822.

AN ACT,

To adjourn the January Term of the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace for the County of Kent:

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly, and by the authority thereof it is enacted.* That the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace, which by law is to be holden at East Greenwich, within and for the County of Kent, on the third Monday of January instant, shall be, and the same is hereby adjourned to the third Monday of February next.

Section 2. *And be it further enacted* That all business now standing continued from the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace, holden for said county of Kent, on the third Monday of August last, shall and may be proceeded in and finished by the Court to be holden by adjournment according to this act

Section 3 *And be it further enacted* That all writs, returns, recognizances, executions, summonses and other processes and proceeding already issued or which hereafter may be issued prior to the time to which said Court by this act is adjourned, shall be returnable, and shall be returned to the term of said Court, to be holden on the third Monday of February next, according to this act: *Provided however*, That this act shall not be construed to authorize the issuing of any original writ of arrest or summons in any civil action returnable to said Court, to be holden by adjournment as aforesaid; and all writs, declarations and pleading in civil actions already commenced for said January term of said Court shall be filed in the same manner and at the same time or times as if this act had not been passed.

Section 4 *And be it further enacted* That the Secretary cause this act to be published forthwith in the newspapers printed in the towns of Providence and Newport, for the term of three weeks.

A true copy: Witness
HENRY BOWEN *Secretary*

NOTICE.

UPON the Petition of *Isaac Champlin* and others, praying for reasons therein stated for an Act of Incorporation for the purpose of opening and establishing a Turnpike Road, direct from the Village of Wickford, in the town of North-Kingstown, to Pawcatuck Bridge in the village of Pawcatuck, in the town of Westerly.

Voted and Resolved, That said Petition be continued to the next session of this Assembly, and that William Rhodes of said Westerly, William P. Maxwell of said North Kingstown, and Thomas S. Taylor, of South-Kingstown, be and they hereby are appointed a Committee, to view and examine the route for the Turnpike Road aforesaid, and to locate the same where they may deem most eligible in the direction aforesaid; that said Committee agree if they can, with the owners of the land through which said road may pass; that all persons objecting to the road so located by said Committee, be notified to appear at the next session of this Assembly, then to object if they see cause; that said notice be given by publishing this vote in one of the Providence and one of the Newport newspapers, three weeks successively, previous to the next session; and that said Committee give reasonable notice of the time when they are to proceed to make such survey and location; that either two of said Committee be and the same hereby are authorized to act in the premises, and that the same be done without expense to the State.

House of Representatives January 25th, 1822—Voted &c By order,
THOMAS BURGESS, *Clerk.*

In the Senate—Read the same day and concurred. By order,
HENRY BOWEN, *Sec'ry*

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas for the county of Newport, Assignee of the estate and effects of ROBERT STEVENS, jun. an insolvent debtor, requests all those having demands, to present the same within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted, to make payment to him.

WILLIAM S. PATTEN.
Newport, Nov. 10.

FOR SALE,

A FARM lying in North-Kingstown, two miles from Wickford, containing about 60 Acres, well wooded and watered. The soil is good for grain and grazing, and well fenced into lots of convenient size, with stone wall. It has on it a Dwelling-House, barn and crib in good repair, and a thrifty young orchard of grafted fruit. But few Farms of this size possess equal advantages.—The price will be moderate, and terms easy.—For further particulars, apply to the Subscriber in Wickford.

J. G. CHADSEY.
Wickford, Dec. 21.

NEW GOODS

JOHN B. NEWTON

104, *Thames-Street,*

HAS just received and offers for Sale, 25 Pieces Russia Diapers; Black Bombazette, from No's 1 to 10; Blue, Black and Brown Prints; American Shirtings; British Shirtings; 8-4 & 10-4 Blankets; Black Lutestrings 3s9 per yard; Gentlemen's and Ladies Hosiery; 50 lb. American white and assorted colour'd Sewing Cottons; color'd Cambrics, &c. &c

Newport, Jan. 12.

Verdigrise, ground in Oil

William W. Vernon,

Has for Sale,

VERDIGRISE, ground in Oil, warranted of the first quality and as cheap as can be purchased in Boston or New-York in kegs from 10 to 200 lbs—Paints of all colours Linseed Oil-Window Glass and Putty Brushes &c.

☞ W. W. VERNON informs his Friends and Customers, that he continues to carry on the Business of *Painting & Glazing* in its various branches at the Old Stand No 118 Thames-Street, where he constantly attends to receive new commands; the smallest favours gratefully acknowledged and the strictest attention paid to all orders.

Newport, June 30

CARPETINGS 8

HAVE just received from Auctions, in addition to their former Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods:—600 Yds. elegant Floor CARPETINGS, Cheap—360 Yards BOMBAZETTS, from 2s. to 4s6 per yard.

They have on Hand,

A large Assortment of Calicoes, Ginghams and Plaids; Cassimere Shawls; some of the best Russia Diapers ever imported in this Town, per bale or single Piece, Cheap; Rose Blankets; Broadcloths; Cassimeres and Pelisse Cloths; more American Diaper for only 9d per yard; Chex; shambray Ginghams; homespun Flannel, &c.—Steam loom English and American Shirtings and Sheetings; Nankin and Canton Crapes; Italian ditto; Sinchaws and Sarsnetts; Ladies and Gentlemen's worsted Hose, from 1s6 to 7s6 per pair, all colours; dark and light common Vesting; Valencies, elegant new patterns; Leno and Book Muslins; spider net, picket and fancy Muslins; white & coloured Cambrick; a part of a case of Leghorn Bonnets; Straw ditto; with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Newport, Dec. 15.

Collector's Notice.

THE Subscriber being appointed Collector of the Town Tax, voted in July last, hereby gives notice, that he has commenced the Collection of the same, and respectfully requests all those indebted for said Tax, to pay the same without delay, at No 9, Market-Square.

JOSEPH MARTIN.
Newport, Nov. 22.

LOOSE NO TIME.

Please to take Notice,

THAT the DOMESTIC LOTTERY, began to draw in Providence last Saturday, and will Draw every Saturday until completed.—The Great Prizes are all in the Wheel, and afford a fine prospect of Gain to those who buy Tickets—A Class is now open for Subscription, and Tickets and Parts are constantly for Sale, warranted undrawn, at the original Price.—If you want a Few Hundred Dollars to brighten the prospect before you, buy a Ticket in your Lottery.—*A Word to the wise is sufficient?*

J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Jan. 12.

THE Subscriber would be glad to be employed for a very reasonable compensation, as a Clerk in some Public Office or Counting Room, or would attend to settling Accounts for any person who might be disposed to employ him, either at his house, or at any other place his employers might prefer.

JOHN DEBLOIS.
Newport, Jan. 26.

HEMP & DUCK.

50 Tons Hemp, first Quality.
100 Bolts heavy DUCK
30 do. half Do.
100 do. Havens Duck
100 pieces Bleached & Brown Sheetings.—*For Sale, by*

Robert Robinson jr. & Co.
Newport, Sept. 29.

MARBLE MONUMENTS.

TOMBS, Chimney Pieces Hearths, Fire Places and Grave Stones, of American and Italian Marble, blue, white and clouded, for Sale on the Packet Wharf. NEWPORT.

ALSO,

500 pair of Grave Stones, of the finest and most durable Blue Slate, warranted superior to any Sold in this state.—Free Stone for Windows Caps and Sills, Hearths, Fire Places and Steps,

All of which will be sold at the *lowest Prices for Cash* Country Produce, or other Merchandise, and on a long credit required *Apply to*

JAMES STEVENS,
Pelham-Street.
Newport, March 17.

The Union Factory.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Friends, and the public in general, that they have established the Indigo Blue Dyeing, and have employed an experienced workman at colouring and finishing.—Woolen Goods of all descriptions will be finished in the neatest manner and on the most reasonable terms.

Wool of all grades carded into rolls in the best manner. They continue to manufacture Wool on shares or by contract, as may best suit their employers

The following persons will receive and forward any articles intended for the Union Factory viz.—*Edward Stanhope* and *Robert & Francis Carr*, Newport—*George Lawton*, Tiverton.—*Jeremiah Gifford* Bristol Ferry.

The subscribers return their sincere thanks to their old customers and solicit the continuance of their favors

JOHN BARTON K,
MOSES LAWTON.
Portsmouth Nov. 10

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

WASHINGTON SC.—*Clerk's Office Court of Common Pleas, Jan. 2, A. D. 1822.*

ON Application this Day made to me by JONATHAN GODFREY of Exeter, in the County of Washington laborer. Notice is hereby given to the Creditors of the said Jonathan, to appear at the Court of Common Pleas to be holden at South-Kingstown, within and for said County, on the first Monday of February next, if they see fit, and on the second day of the Term thereof, to nominate an Assignee or Assignees to receive an assignment of the said Godfrey's Estate, agreeably to the provisions of an Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, passed at June Session A. D. 1820.

SAMUEL HELME *Clerk.*

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate of Portsmouth, the Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the Creditors against the Estate of

ATHERTON WALES,

late of said Portsmouth, deceased, and that Six months longer from the date are allowed to said creditors to bring in and prove their claims;—That they will attend at their respective dwellings during said term, to receive the same.

WILLIAM ANTHONY, } *Comm'rs.*
PRELG SISSON.

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make payment to

THOMAS POTTER, jun. *Adm'r.*
Portsmouth, August 12, 1821.

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors against the estate of

THOMAS WHITE,

late of Newport, Mariner, deceased, represented insolvent, give notice, that Six Months from the date hereof is hereby allowed the creditors to exhibit their claims and that we will attend for the purpose of receiving the same, at our respective dwellings, at any time during said period.

STEPHEN T. NORTHAM, }
SAMUEL WHITEHORNE, } *Commrs.*

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment to

ELIZABETH WHITE, *Executrix.*
Newport, Jan 6 1822.

WANTED,

A YOUNG Married Woman wishes to take a Child to Nurse—Inquire at this Office.